

# MICHELIN TYRE COMPANY SOUTH AFRICA (PTY) LTD. PAIA MANUAL

This manual is prescribed by the Promotion of Access to Information Act 2 of 2000

and

The Protection of Personal information Act of 2013

Effective Date: 15<sup>th</sup> of July 2022



## **Introduction to PAIA and MICHELIN**

The Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 is a freedom of information law in South Africa. It gives the constitutional right of access to any information held by the State and any information held by private bodies that is required for the exercise and protection of any rights.

In order to promote effective governance of private bodies, it is necessary to ensure that everyone is empowered and educated to understand their rights.

Section 9 of the PAIA act recognises that such a right may have restrictions based on the types of access that may be requested. These restrictions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Limitations aimed at reasonable protection of privacy, commercial confidentiality, and good governance.
- 2. In a manner that balances the right to any other rights, including rights contained in the constitution.

### **1. MICHELIN**

MICHELIN TYRE COMPANY SOUTH AFRICA (PTY) LTD. ("MICHELIN") is a company based in Adcorp Place 102 Western Service Road Gallo Manor, Ext 6 Woodmead 2191.

### 1.1. Company Contact Details:

This section highlights the points of contact as designated by the company should a request be made in accordance with PAIA.

### 1.1.1. Information Officer details

Email: michelinsa.privacy@michelin.com

<u>Physical & Postal Address</u>: 102 Western Service Road Gallo Manor, Ext 6 Woodmead 2191



PO Box 803 Isando 1600

<u>Telephone number:</u> +27 11 579 0300

## 2. The Act:

This section describes the rights to the requester under the Promotion of Access to Information Act (PAIA) and the procedures to adhere to:

The Act grants a requester access to records of a private body, if the record is required for the exercise or protection of any rights. If a public body lodges a request, the public body must be acting in the public interest.

Requests in terms of the Act shall be made in accordance with the prescribed procedures, at the rates provided. The Forms and Tariff are dealt with in paragraphs 6 and 7 of the Act.

Requesters are referred to the Guide in terms of Section 10 which has been compiled by the South African Human Rights Commission (SAHRC), which will contain information for the purposes of exercising Constitutional Rights. The Guide is available from the SAHRC.

The contact details of the Commission are:Postal Address:Private Bag 2700, Houghton, 2041Telephone Number:+27-11-877 3600Fax Number:+27-11-403 0625Website:www.sahrc.org.za

### 2.1. Applicable Legislation:

This section highlights applicable legislation that to:

- Basic Conditions of Employment Act No 75 of 1997
- Companies Act No 61 of 1973
- Employment Equity Act No 55 of 1998
- Labour Relations Act No 66 of 1995
- Regional Services Council Act No 109 of 1985
- Skills Development Levies Act No 9 of 1999
- Skills Development Act No 97 of 1998



- Unemployment Contributions Act No 4 of 2002
- Unemployment Insurance Act No 63 of 2001
- Value Added Tax Act No 89 of 1991
- Intellectual Property Laws Amendment Act 2013
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 85 of 1993

## 2.2. Company Documents

### 2.2.1. Schedule of Records:

This section highlights the various records that are kept with the company, their respective retention periods and accessibility to the records:

Record Grouping	Record	Length of Time	Accessibility				
General Business	Registration and	Permanently	Not accessible				
Records	Incorporation Documents						
	Patents, trademark	Permanently	Not accessible				
	registrations,						
	copyright						
	registrations						
	Property Records	Permanently	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason.				
	Company Documents	Permanently	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Tax Documents	Permanently	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
Staff Documents	Staff Files – Employment	For length of employment	Accessible through PAIA process				
	contract, employee	and 5 years post					
	personal details, banking	termination/retirement/deat					
	details, income tax	h					
	numbers, etc.						
Financial Business Records	Financial Statements	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Tax Returns and Filings	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reasons				
	Audit Reports	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable				



			reason				
	Cash books	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Charts of Accounts	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Salaries/PAYE/UIF/SDL	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Bank Reconciliations	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Client Account Details – invoices, credit notes etc.	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Bank records and statements	5 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
Insurance Records	Company Insurance Details	Permanently or for length of insurance cover	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
	Vehicle Insurance Details	Lifetime of vehicle plus 3 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reason				
Vehicle Records	Registration Documents	Lifetime of vehicle plus 3 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reasons				
	Financing Documents	Lifetime of vehicle plus 3 years	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reasons				
Policies	Policy Documents	Permanently	Accessible via PAIA process with justifiable reasons				

## 2.3. Grounds for Refusal to access Records:

MICHELIN may refuse the request for Information and the basis thereof are noted below:

1. Mandatory protection of privacy of a third party that is a natural person.

2. Mandatory protection of Commercial information of a third party (e.g., trade secrets, financials, bound by confidentiality agreements.)

3. Mandatory protection of individuals and protection of property

4. Commercial Information the private body.

5. Request of information that is clearly frivolous or vexatious, or which involve unreasonable diversion of resources shall be refused.

## 2.4. Requestors:



There are two types of requestors:

#### a. Personal requestors

A personal requester is one who is seeking access to a recording containing personal information about the requestor; MICHELIN shall assist with such request subject to the form of request.

### b. Other requestors

This requestor is entitled to request access to information on their parties, however MICHELIN is not obliged to do so unless lawfully bound by it, however, will review each request on a case-by-case basis.

### 2.5. Form of Request: (Section 51 (1) (e))

This section aims to highlight the process in which the requestor may go about requesting information from MICHELIN:

To facilitate the processing of your request, kindly use the prescribed form in Annexure A of this manual. Address your request to the Information Officer as indicated in section 2 of this document.

Provide sufficient details to enable MICHELIN to identify:

- (a) The record(s) requested.
- (b) The requester (and if an agent is lodging the request, proof of capacity).
- (c) The form of access required.

(i)The postal address or fax number of the requester in the Republic.

(ii) If the requester wishes to be informed of the decision in any manner (in addition to written) and the particulars thereof.

(d) The right which the requester is seeking to exercise or protect, with an explanation of the reason the record is required to exercise or protect the right.

### 2.6. Prescribed Fees: (Section 51 (1) (F))

MICHELIN reserves the right according to section 51 (1) (f) of the Act to charge a nominal fee. **Please** refer to Annexure B.

The following applies to requests (other than personal requests):

a. A requestor is required to pay the prescribed fees (R50.00) before a request will be processed.

b. If the preparation of the record requested requires more than the prescribed hours (six), a

deposit shall be paid (of not more than one third of the access fee which would be payable if the request were granted).



c. A requestor may lodge an application with a court against the tender/payment of the request fee and/or deposit; Records may be withheld until the fees have been paid.

## 3. Privacy

In accordance with the Protection of Personal Information Act of 2013, MICHELIN apply reasonable measures in accordance with the law in protecting Personal Information. In this process, we prescribe to our privacy standards as described in our POPI Policy and will ensure that whilst we follow the rule of law as prescribed by the Promotion of Access to Information Act, we will ensure that all records are secured during this process.



### **Annexure A: PAIA Request Form**



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REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA FORM C REQUEST FOR ACCESS TO RECORD OF PRIVATE BODY (Section 53(1) of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000)) [Regulation 10]

A. Particulars of private body The Head:

B. Particulars of person requesting access to the record

(a) The particulars of the person who requests access to the record must be given below.
(b) The address and/or fax number in the Republic to which the information is to be sent must be given.
(c) Proof of the capacity in which the request is made, if applicable, must be attached.

Full names and surname:												
Identity number:												
Postal address:												 
Telephone number:	(	)				. Fax	( numb	er: (.	)			 
E-mail address:												 
Capacity in which request is made, when made on behalf of another person:												

C. Particulars of person on whose behalf request is made

This section must be completed ONLY if a request for information is made on behalf of another person.

Full names and surname:	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Identity number:							



## **Annexure B: Fees Structures**



#### SOUTH AFRICAN HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

Physical Address 33 Hoofd Street Braampark Forum 3 Braamfontein 2198

Postal Address Private Bag X 2700 Houghton 2041

Tel: 70113 877 3600 Fax: 011 403 0825



NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE PROMOTION OF ACCESS TO INFORMATION 2 OF 2000 RE: FEES ASSOCIATED WITH PAIA REOUESTS ARE DETERMINED BY THE REGULATIONS ONLY AND NOT THROUGH OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS OR POLICIES

This Notice servers to state if at the South African Human Rights Commission (the Commission) hereby confirms that the costs associated with all requests made under the Promotion of Access to Information Act 2 (12000 (PALA) atedetermined by the Regulations relating to PAIA only, and not by any other lows or regulations. Therefore, any demands made by a public or private body for the payment of additional fees with respect to PAIA requests are invalid.

The Commission is an independent public body currently mandated under PAIA to monitor the implementation of the Act. In accordance with its responsibilities to ensure compliance with PALA, the Commission issues this notice to bring elarity to all interested garties that it is *neg* the Minister ef Justice and Constitutional Development who has the power to make decisions regarding fees associated with PAIA, requests. The Commission forther confirms that Value-Added  $Ta \dot{x}$  (VAT) is only payable by bistitutions who have registered as VAT vendors.

#### The Promotion of Access to Information Act 1.

PAIA gives effect to the constitutional right to access of information, as unwided for under section 32 of the Constitution. Although responding to requests and reproducing recents in an accurate and oracely manuer takes tame and resources, section 9 of the Act specifically calls for the enablishment of mandatery mechanisms and procedures to ensure that access to receive of both public and private bodies is "as swittly, *incorporary*," and effordessly as reasonably possible." [emphasis added]. Furthermore, soction 92 of the Art grants the Minister of

Institut and Constitutional Development the power to make regulations pertaining to fees associated with requests make to both public and private bodies.

#### Regulations to PAIA

In February 2002, the Minister of Justice and Constitutional Development published a schedule of fees for PAIA requests in the Gazette, which provided for the following:

#### Fees for Requesting Records.

Requesters are required to pay a fee for requesting access to records from both public and private bodies. The few for requesting records from a public body is R35, while the fec for requesting records from a private body is R50. It is important to note that people who are requesting socces to their personal information are even pt from paying a fee, Furthermore, people who carn less than R14.712 per nmum (if single) and R27.192 per annum (if trarried or how a his partner), are also except from paying the request fees.

#### Fees for Accessing Records

Requesters are also required to pay fees for accessing the records of public and private bodtes, which include tees associated with the search for, preparation of, and reproduction of documents. The breakdown of fees for requests to both public and private bodies are as follows:

#### Public Bodies:

- Copyper A4 page 60 cents
- Printing per A4 page 40 cents
- Copy on a CD R40 λ.
- Transcription of visual images per A4 page R22
- Copy of a visual image R60 Transcription of an audio recording per A4 page
- R12
- Copy of an audio recording R17 Search and preparation of the record for disclosure R15 per hour or part thereof. excluding the first hour, reasonably required for the search and preparation.
- Actual postage fee

#### Private Bodies:

- Copy per Ad page R1.10.
- Printing per A4 page 73 dats. Copy on a CD R70
- Transcription of visual images per A4 page: R40
- Copy of a visual image R60.
- Transcription of an audio recording per A4 page R20
- Copy of an latelin recording -- R30.
- Search and preparation of the record for disclosure R30 per hour or part thereof. excluding the first hour, reasonably required for the search and preparation
- Actual postage fee

#### Registered VAT Vendors

The Commission further confirms that Value-Added Tax (VAT) is only payable by institutions who have registered as VAT vendors, as required under section 33 of the Values Added Tax Act of 1991

#### Sincerely

Advectore L. M. Mushwana

Chair of the South African Human Rights Commission

#### transforming socioly. Securing rights, Recoording dignity.

Chairperson: ML Mushwans, Deputy Chairperson: P Covendor; Commissioners: L Mokale, B Malaty, J Love, D Tata Chief Executive Officer: R Ahmed